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PRICE ONE CENT

GREAT TURK STRONGHOLD WON BY CZAR

Trebizond Defenses Smashed by Combined Land and Sea Attacks

HAD GARRISON OF 50,000

Fleet Executed Audacious Plan of Landing Troops While Fortress Was Bombarded

PETROGRAD, April 19.—The Turkish garrison of the Black Sea port of Trebizond escaped capture when the city was occupied by the Russians under General Indevitch, but is being closely pressed by the Slavs. The Turks are expected to make their stand six miles west of Trebizond.

PETROGRAD, April 19.—The Russian armies of the Grand Duke Nicholas have captured the Turkish Black Sea port of Trebizond, commanding point on the principal trade route to Persia and Central Asia.

The city was defended by a garrison of more than 50,000 men and a huge field army. Official announcement of its fall was made last night by the General Staff, as follows:

Trebizond has been taken. The united energetic efforts of our Caucasian army and Black Sea fleet have been crowned by the conquest of this fortified town, the most important position on the Anatolian coast.

Our valiant troops, after the sanguinary battle on the 14th on the Kara Deret River, pressed the Turks without respite and surmounted insurmountable obstacles, everywhere breaking the fierce resistance of the Turks.

The well-combined action of the fleet permitted the execution of most hazardous landing operations and lent the support of its artillery to the troops operating in the coastal region.

Credit for this fresh victory is due to the assistance given the Caucasian army by the troops operating in the directions in Asia Minor, by their desperate fighting and heroic exploits they did everything in their power to facilitate the task of the detachments on the coast.

West of Erzerum our troops, after a sharp engagement, dislodged the Turks from a whole series of powerfully organized positions. The rate of Trebizond was hastened. It is believed, by a vigorous bombardment by Russian aviators. They are reported to have done great damage.

URGUE OPTION IN BERKS

No-License League Organizes Committee for Nonpartisan Campaign

READING, Pa., April 19.—No separate local option ticket will be nominated in Berks County, but members of the No-License League have organized a committee of ten to work for local option candidates of any party with which they may be connected. After the primaries, similar aid will be given by the league to local option candidates, regardless of party.

TWO BARNS BURNED

Young Farmer Nearly Loses Life Trying to Save Horses

LEWISBURG, Pa., April 19.—A fire which threatened many farm buildings was extinguished, after the barns of A. F. Rishel, on the Chamberlain farm, and the barn of William Dewire, on the James Packer farm, two miles north of here, were destroyed. The fire started in the Rishel barn, where they were halting hay. Clarence Rishel nearly lost his life while attempting to save the horses. He was overcome by smoke and was rescued by his father.

Noonday Lenten Services in City's Centre Today

EPISCOPALIAN

Old Christ Church, 2d street above Market—12:30 to 12:55 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. Norman Van Pel Lewis.

Old St. Peter's, 3d and Pine streets—12:05 to 12:30 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. Charles S. Hutchinson, D. D.

Garrick Theatre, Chestnut street west of Juniper—12:30 to 12:55 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. H. Percy Silvers.

Old St. Paul's Church, 3d street below Walnut—12:30 to 12:55 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. Llewellyn N. Caley.

St. Stephen's Church, 10th street above Chestnut—12:30 to 12:55 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. Robert Johnson, D. D.

CATHOLIC

St. John the Evangelist, 15th street above Chestnut—12:05 to 12:30 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. Eugene Burke.

St. Joseph's, 311 Willings alley—12:05 to 12:30 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. John D. Butler, S. J.

LUTHERAN

St. John's, 6th and Race streets—12:30 to 12:55 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. C. Armand Miller, D. D.

PRESBYTERIAN

First Presbyterian Church, 7th and Locust streets—12:35 to 12:50 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. John Grant Newman, D. D.

Arch Street Presbyterian Church, 18th and Arch streets—12:15 to 12:50 p. m. Speaker, the Rev. John Allan Blair, D. D.

LOST AND FOUND

OPERA GLASSES, mother of pearl, lost, etc. Return to Philadelphia, Pa. 1916.

VILLA'S NURSE MAY POINT OUT BANDIT GRAVE

Mexican Officials Promise to Produce Body of Outlaw

NEW FORCE TO PERSHING

Carranza Again Demands Withdrawal of Punitive Expedition

EL PASO, April 19.—By orders of General Alvaro Obregon, Minister of War in the Carranza Government, American soldiers will be attacked should they enter any Mexican city or town in the future. The attitude of General Obregon was shown in a proclamation posted in Parral after the recent clash there.

The proclamation was brought by a refugee and turned over to General Bell here. It concludes:

"As Mexicans we are called upon to defend our country. Any future attempt on the part of the expeditionary forces to enter Mexican towns will be met with armed resistance."

MEXICO CITY, April 19.—Senator Ambassador, sub-Secretary of Foreign Relations today declared that Eliseo Arredondo, ambassador designate of the de facto government at Washington, had been instructed to demand the withdrawal of the American troops in Mexico.

The de facto government asserts the Villa bands are completely dispersed and the presence of the troops is no longer necessary. The belief prevails here that the demand will be granted by President Wilson.

The War Department states that the nurse at Villa's deathbed has been captured and gives details. The nurse will guide Carranza's forces, accompanied by one American officer, to the grave.

Juarez officials here still believe that Villa's body has been found, although no confirmation of the report was received today over Mexico telegraph lines. Officers of the de facto government call attention to the fact that Villa never had been reported south of San Francisco Berja, where his body is said to have been located, and that the American forces are only following a blind trail if they proceed over the Durango-Chihuahua line. If Villa's body has been found, it should reach Cuahuira some time within the next 48 hours.

Explaining the faith of Carranza officials in the report that Villa's body was found at San Francisco Berja, Mexican Consul Garcia at El Paso said today: "Our belief in Villa's death is as strong as ever, and we expect official confirmation any moment, because we know the difficulties in transportation at Cuahuira-chic. It must be remembered that the body must be carried over a rough mountain trail of 40 miles or so, and doubtless requires delicate handling. Every one in the troops here is convinced that Garcia believes the report. The telegrapher at San Antonio told us he could stake his life on its being true."

2300 ADDITIONAL TROOPS RUSHED TO PERSHING'S AID

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 19.—General Pershing, sending to General Pershing, 2300 additional troops, and, it was learned today, there is reason to believe that more will be dispatched if the campaign against Villa is continued.

The troops are being ordered to General Pershing's base at Columbus, are now on duty along the border. What troops will relieve them and where they will come from was not announced. The War Department, it was said, will have to authorize the sending of the few remaining troops in the United States into this department, or the filling of the vacant posts may be left to the State of Texas, which may send militia.

The troops selected for General Pershing are the 6th Cavalry, from the Brownsville district; the 17th Infantry, from Eagle Pass; Troop L, of the 19th Cavalry, from Fort Apache, Ariz., and one battalion of the 24th Infantry, one company of which is at El Paso, one at Marfa, and another at Fabens, Marfa is just north of Gujuna, on the Mexican frontier, and Fabens is on the Rio Grande only a few miles from El Paso.

In addition to these forces, General Pershing has in his base ordered at Columbus 800 men, but the necessity of maintaining at least that many there is recognized.

Staff officers here were convinced some time ago that unless Villa was taken before he got beyond Satevo, the chances of getting him were remote. That point has been reached, and Villa remains at large, or is dead, and to that situation is added the undoubted hostility of various Carranza organizations that army men here declare makes doubly necessary the strengthening of General Pershing's force.

AUTO KILLS BABY GIRL RIDING IN GO-CART

New York Driver Fails to Sound Horn—Mother and Two Others Hurt

NEW YORK, April 19.—An infant 8 weeks old was instantly killed and three other persons were injured last night when they were struck by an automobile at Amsterdam avenue and 156th street. The driver, Gerald J. Brady, of Neptune terrace, New Rochelle, was locked up in the West 156th Street Police Station after witnesses had assisted but not sounded his horn.

The child was Maria Burke, of 540 West 156th street. Her mother, Margaret, was wheeling her through the thoroughfare in a baby carriage when Mrs. Burke was her brother, John Melican, of 540 West 156th street, and his 19-year-old son, Thomas.

Without warning, the injured persons say, the machine came upon them. All were hurled to the pavement. Mrs. Burke suffered from shock and injuries to the neck. Thomas and his son were bruised. Brady could be seen only for the brief space of time as he was driving.



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WOLF VON IGEL

German Embassy secretary and intimate friend of Franz von Papen, who was arrested after a hard fight by Government agents in New York, following his indictment as a conspirator in the Welland Canal plot.

BRITISH CABINET MAY SPLIT TODAY ON CONSCRIPTION

Life of Coalition Ministry May Be Decided Today. Crisis Grave

ASQUITH DELAYS STAND

LONDON, April 19.—The Daily Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent in this morning's issue of that paper says: "The Cabinet crisis assumed an even graver character yesterday and last night there were only faint hopes of an accommodation being arrived at. In fact, it is no exaggeration to say that the life of the coalition is hanging by a thread, which may be snapped in the course of today."

"The dividing line is the question of general conscription. It is now certain that unless the Cabinet today decides to take some step in that direction, not only Mr. Lloyd George, but Bonar Law and all the Unionist members of the Cabinet will resign. Whether in these circumstances Premier Asquith could carry on a bold reconstruction of his Government on a liberal labor basis is highly problematical."

"There remains the other possibility that a majority of the Cabinet may, after all, decide in favor of general conscription on the ground of necessity and of conviction that without it the number of men required by the army council between now and next December could not be provided. Any decision of this kind, however, would mean the retirement from the Government of the three labor ministers."

"A meeting of the Parliamentary Labor party was held last evening, and after a prolonged discussion a resolution was carried against any further extension of the principle of conscription."

"Today's Cabinet council will probably decide the fate of the coalition. Mr. Lloyd George has submitted a proposal for a bill in favor of general conscription, with the promise that compulsory powers are only to be exercised if the yield of untested recruited men under the new voluntary recruiting plan falls short of 50,000 per month."

"It is possible that a majority of the Cabinet may accept this proposal, but labor will be no party to it."

"It is understood that the army council desires the guarantee of a steady inflow of men right to the end of the year and there is no certainty that this guarantee can be provided in the absence of the general question."

WOMAN FOUND KILLED; OFFICERS HUNT NEGRO

Victim Beaten to Death in Bed. Suspected Slayer Disappears

In bed, her face and the upper part of her body blood stained and bruised, Mrs. Nellie Sweeney, a widow, 31 years old, was found beaten to death early today in a tenement house at 1807 Poplar street. Search is being made for John Suda, a negro, 25 years old, who lived in the same house.

Bronxine Dawley, 38 years old, another occupant of the house, is being held as a material witness by the police of the 8th and Jefferson streets station.

Miss Dawley ran out of the house about 6:30 o'clock this morning, seeking for help. She found Policemen Van Dyke and Guinan and told them Mrs. Sweeney had been murdered. The policemen found the woman's body partly dressed lying in the bed. Her face was swollen, her eyes were blackened and the right side of the body was bruised.

WILSON WILL TELL CONGRESS TODAY BREACH SURE UNLESS BERLIN YIELDS TO DEMAND

President's Address and Dispatch of Note May Be Followed by Bernstorff's Dismissal and Recall of Ambassador Gerard

Executive Will Recite Violations of Promises Made by Berlin and Will Announce His Determination to Cut Off Diplomatic Relations, Officials Declare

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Gravely apprehensive, Congress and the Nation today waited upon President Wilson.

For the first time in years the dignified offices and corridors of the Capitol, the Senate and the House office buildings were crowded before eight o'clock.

Groups of excited members, in almost total ignorance of what the day might bring forth, but confident that great events were impending, gathered to talk things over.

From the meagre information available there developed a feeling that before nightfall the long-expected crisis in the relations between this country and Germany would be reached.

PARIS, April 19.—President Wilson bases his conviction that the Sussex was torpedoed partly on the affidavits of two Americans, which were forwarded to Washington by Ambassador Sharp, it was learned on good authority today. Both Samuel Bemis, of Medford, Mass., and Miss Gertrude Warren, of St. Louis, swore that they saw the wake of a torpedo.

WASHINGTON, April 19. As the next to the last step in his long and patient effort to bring Germany to a proper respect for the laws of nations and her solemn pledges to the United States, President Wilson will go before both houses of Congress at 1 p. m. today.

The President will say that Germany has shown herself unfit for friendly relations and that he has determined to break those relations short off. Congress will not be asked for advice or authority. It will simply be asked to listen to a statement of fact.

It is expected that the President's address will still give Germany a last opportunity to come to terms. But the fact that the President will lay the case before Congress shows that he expects no such action. Germany has said repeatedly that she cannot discontinue her submarine warfare; the President believes, and events have shown, that it cannot be legally continued. Nothing less than a complete reversal of the German practice for months past will now satisfy the Administration or the country.

The American communication to Germany, which is described as the harshest of the many notes the President has sent to Berlin, was put in code this afternoon and is ready for the cable. This communication is now intended for transmission some time after the President makes his address to Congress. When it goes, if circumstances still require its sending, the continuance of diplomatic relations between the two countries will have to depend wholly upon Germany. The United States will have spoken its last word.

The President will not mince words in his address to Congress. He is determined that Congress shall know the long series of offenses which he purposed to bring definitely to an end. He read his address to the Cabinet this morning, and he and his advisers have no doubt that the case he will present to Congress can lead to but one verdict. Indeed, the President's address as now written carries the verdict in it, and this verdict is that Germany has violated every law of nations, has broken every solemn promise to the United States and is no longer worthy the acquaintance of self-respecting people.

Carrying Out Promise to Congress

The address of the President today is not expected to announce in itself that relations with Germany have been ended. When the armed ship crisis over the McLemore resolution, in which Congress gave the President a signal triumph over the recalcitrant members of the two houses, was near its satisfactory issue, it was formally announced in the House that the President would consult Congress before taking a definite step. The President today will scrupulously carry out that understanding and tell Congress what he proposes to do.

A member of the Cabinet said this evening that what the President would say to Congress would give no opportunity for a repetition of anything like the controversy in Congress over the McLemore and Gore resolutions. It is known that there is a minority in both houses opposed to courageous action. The statement, therefore, that there will be no opportunity for congressional dispute can only mean that the President will show that things have gone so far that there can be no drawing back. Congress can then only join the President in waiting for Germany to show her hand, hoping that Germany will return to reason and law and the observance of pledges.

As a symbol that the time for all partisan divisions is past, the President has arranged to see at 10 o'clock this morning the ranking members—both Democratic and Republican—of the two committees dealing with foreign affairs—Senators Stone, of Missouri, and Lodge, of Massachusetts, and Representatives Flood, of Virginia, and Cooper, of Wisconsin. Yesterday the President intended to see Mr. Stone alone, but the effort to arrange an interview with Senator Stone was abandoned, and it was decided to consult with the whole of Congress.

Expected to Announce Prospective Break

As sketched last night, the President today will lay the whole situation before Congress. He will review the mass of evidence in the long list of German outrages—review it like a judge, said one last night. Then he will state his conclusion that Germany has been guilty, guilty in many ways of many different offenses. And his conclusion will be that there is only one thing for the United States to do. What this would be was not told, but everything that was said made it plain that the President would announce his intention to break off all relations.

Exactly when the American communication to Germany will go forward is not known. That is the one element of uncertainty in the situation. It was said last night authoritatively that it would go "subsequent to the address to Congress." It is not plain, however, whether there will be an interval between speech and written communication in which Germany may have time to give full satisfaction.

If there is this interval and the note goes forward at the end of it, it is not unlikely that Germany will be regarded as having rejected her opportunity, and the communication may conclude with the statement that relations are in fact broken. If the communication is dispatched immediately after the President's address, it will probably be more in the form of an ultimatum demanding prompt compliance than of an announcement of accomplished facts.

While things have moved rapidly only since Monday, the President has been carefully measuring the steps he might have to take. Six days ago he outlined at the Jefferson Day dinner the circumstances under which the United States would be justified in taking extreme measures. More definitely still, he repeated this thought yesterday to the Daughters of the American Revolution.

And all the while the causes of resentment against Germany were increasing, till now the Sussex case, which loomed big a week ago, is only one of many incidents. Since the attack on that unarmed and unarmed liner four ships have been attacked by German and Austrian submarines in violation of pledges to the United States.

Count von Bernstorff got an inkling of the drift of things yesterday afternoon, when by an appointment he had requested, he saw Mr. Lansing for 15 minutes. His appointment was made Monday by telegraph before Captain

QUICK NEWS

FIND 14-YEAR-OLD RUNAWAY BOY

Francis Wolfenden, 14 years old, who ran away from his home, 13 Western avenue, two weeks ago, was picked up at 23d and Master streets today by Policemen Douglas and Windle, of the 25th and Oxford streets station.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK; CREW RESCUED

LISBON, April 19.—The Norwegian steamship Terje Viken has been sunk. The crew was rescued. The Terje Viken displaces 3570 tons and was 335 feet long. She was built in 1903 and owned at Tonsberg.

DR. WAITE FOUND "SANE, BUT SOMEWHAT ABNORMAL"

NEW YORK, April 19.—Allenists who spent more than an hour examining Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, confessed slayer of his father-in-law, John E. Bush, a wealthy drug manufacturer of Grand Rapids, Mich., reported to District Attorney Swann last night that in their opinion Waite is "sane, but somewhat abnormal."

RUMANIA PLANS TRADE PACT WITH AUSTRIA, TOO

BERLIN, April 19.—A report received here from Bucharest, says the Overseas News Agency, is to the effect that a trade convention similar to that between Germany and Rumania will be concluded within a short time between Austria-Hungary and Rumania.

MELLEN SUES NEW HAVEN FOR \$138,222 BACK PAY

NEW YORK, April 19.—Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, has brought suit against that company in the Supreme Court for \$138,222.39. Sixty thousand dollars of the amount is for two years' pay under an agreement which Mr. Mellen said he made with the company to pay him \$30,000 a year for five years.

GALLIOLI HERO WEDS AMERICAN NURSE

LONDON, April 19.—Trooper Larkin, of the Australian Imperial force, one of the heroes of Gallipoli, married in Dorchester yesterday Miss Alice Davis, a pretty Virginia girl, who has been nursing him at the County Hospital there.

SPAIN HOPES TO BRING PEACE CONGRESS TO MADRID

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The Spanish Foreign Office, it is said here, has sent a circular note to the three principal Powers of South America, to the United States and to some of the neutral States of Europe, inviting them to use their influence with the warring nations in view of inducing them to hold the peace congress in Madrid. Spain, it is declared, regards Madrid as the most likely country to be selected for the peace conference. She has represented to the belligerent nations that she alone of the important neutral countries has not profited from the war in a large commercial sense, and that the conduct of her relations with all the warring countries has given rise to no question from any respecting her neutrality.

PRESIDENT YUAN AND REBELS PARLEY

WASHINGTON, April 19.—An armistice has been declared between Chinese rebels and President Yuan Shih-kai and peace negotiations are in progress, the State Department has been informed by the American Minister at Peking. Prominent leaders of both factions are endeavoring to reunite the provinces.

FRENCH WARNED TO MAKE MORE MUNITIONS

PARIS, April 19.—A warning that France must make still greater efforts was given by Albert Thomas, the Munitions Minister, at the Crouzet Works. M. Thomas praised the efforts of the workers and continued: "But these efforts, great as they are, are still insufficient. The enemy had a considerable advantage over us, which we perhaps have not yet regained. You know how the enemy, with his methodical, disciplined organization, has constantly increased his strength. It is your task to continue to surpass our production, and with the help of our allies to equal the effort, of the menacing, sleepless enemy."

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS TONIGHT ON SUGAR TAX BILL

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Majority Leader Kitchin reported last night to the House that the conferees of the House and Senate had been unable to agree on the sugar bill. Today he will ask the House to reaffirm its original position favoring absolute repeal of the free sugar law, instead of agreeing to the Senate amendment to postpone placing sugar on the free list only until May 1, 1920. A caucus of Democratic Senators has been called for tonight to discuss the situation.

SERB TROOPS BEGIN ARRIVING AT SALONICA

LONDON, April 19.—A dispatch from Salonica dated yesterday tells of the arrival there of the first contingent of Serbian troops. The dispatch describes the soldiers as being strong, well-built men in the prime of life, and completely recovered from the privations of their retreat through Serbia. Their equipment is new throughout and many wear uniforms of the same blue color as the French.

WILLIAM PENN'S PORTRAIT FOR U. S. S. PENNSYLVANIA

A copy of the armor portrait of William Penn, owned by the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, will be presented by the Pennsylvania Society Sons of the Revolution to the new battleship Pennsylvania, which goes into commission in a few days. A delegation of the board of governors of the society will go to New York with the painter, where the presentation will be made.

GERMANS OFFER THREE STEAMSHIPS TO BRAZIL

RIO JANEIRO, April 19.—It is officially announced that Germany has authorized shipping companies to lease to Brazil for coast service and for the length of the war only three steamships tied up at Brazilian ports, under condition that Brazil obtain from the Entente Allies a guarantee that these ships will not be captured nor attacked.

GREAT EXPLOSION IN GERMAN TORPEDO PLANT

LONDON, April 19.—A Reuter dispatch from Copenhagen says: "A disaster to the Kieler Zeitung from Wilhelmshaven says there was a great explosion Friday last in the new torpedo works there, a number of persons being killed and others wounded. The works were recently finished and were inspected by Emperor William on February 25."

BRITISH SEIZE MAIL FROM DANISH STEAMSHIP

BERLIN, April 19.—A dispatch from Copenhagen reports that the British removed all the first-class mail and parcel post from the Danish steamship Betula while the vessel was bound from Copenhagen for another Danish port.

WOMAN HIT BY AUTO DIES OF INJURIES

Injuries received when she was struck by an automobile while crossing Broad street above Somerset caused the death today in the Samaritan Hospital of Mrs. Anna Williams, 79 years old, of 2833 North Park avenue. Stephen Soligo, of 8th and Linden streets, South Bethlehem, owner and driver of the car, was arrested by District Detective Orndorff and Policeman Doer, of the Park and Lehigh avenues police station. He will be arraigned at Central Station today.

CONNELLY TO COMPLETE TRANSIT OPINION TODAY

City Solicitor Connelly expects to have completed by tonight his transit opinion covering the terms upon which work under City Hall can be resumed. Mr. Connelly has been asked by Director Twining whether it will be better for the Eastman State Construction Company to resume work under the "force account" item of the present contract or under an entirely new contract providing for the rebuilding of the City Hall foundation. Mr. Connelly will also decide from what source the money to pay for the additional work is to be drawn.